Feature 4, Fairburn Windfarm: Archaeological Evaluation Data Structure Report

> 20943 August 2008





ARCHAEOLOGY

HERITAGE

CONSERVATION

Feature 4, Fairburn Windfarm - Archaeological Evaluation: Data Structure Report

On Behalf of:	Scottish and Southern Energy plc, Inveralmond House 200 Dunkeld Road Perth PH1 3AQ
National Grid Reference (NGR):	NH 4200 5200
AOC Project No:	20943
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Date of Fieldwork:	26 th August 2008
Date of Report:	8 th September 2008

This document has been prepared in accordance with AOC standard operating procedures.

Author: Alan Duffy Approved by: John Gooder

Final Report Stage:

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Abstract

AOC Archaeology Group was commissioned by Scottish and Southern Energy plc to undertake an archaeological evaluation of a short linear alignment of boulders recorded during a recent walkover survey. The evaluation comprised two machine excavated liner trenches centred on and perpendicular to the linear feature. No archaeological features, deposits or artefacts were recorded during the evaluation.

0. NON TECHNICAL SUMMARY

- 0.1 AOC Archaeology Group was commissioned by Scottish and Southern Energy plc to undertake the evaluation of a short linear alignment of boulders recorded during a recent walkover survey (Hindmarch 2008) within the confines of a proposed windfarm at Fairburn, near Dingwall. The work was required in response to a planning condition set by the local planning authority, Highland Council, (Planning ref: RC/05/436/FULRC).
- 0.2 The proposed development has a generating capacity of under 50MW and therefore required consent from the local; planning authority under the Town and Planning (Scotland) Act 1997. It is also a competent matter under the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) (Scotland) Regulations 1999 and was subject to an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) under Regulation 3 as it is likely to have a significant effect on the environment.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Site Location

1.1.1 The windfarm site is centred at NGR: NH 4200 5200 (Figure 1) on upland moorland ranging between 250 m OD to 457 m OD at the peak of Beinn an Rubha Riabhaich. Feature 4 is located at NH 4262 5415 to NH 4261 5416, on a shallow slope close to the main access track (Figure 1).

1.2 Archaeological background

- 1.2.1 During an archaeological walkover survey (Hindmarch 2008) a number of archaeological features were recorded within the confines of the proposed windfarm development. These included a surface feature composed of a "short section of a slightly curved linear alignment of large stones (*Feature 4*). Due to the fact that this putative feature lay within the area of *Borrow Pit 1*, and was therefore vulnerable to disturbance from development activity, Highland Council required an archaeological evaluation of the feature.
- 1.2.2 The works required in were in accordance with NPPG 5 (SOEnd 1994) and PAN 42 (SOEnd 1994a), in order to determine the nature, extent, condition, date and significance of any archaeological remains within the windfarm development area.

2. OBJECTIVES

- 2.1 The objectives of the archaeological works were:
 - i) to determine the character, extent, condition, quality, date and significance of the surface feature identified as *Feature 4*;
 - ii) to advise and implement an appropriate form of mitigation, such as excavation, postexcavation analyses and publication, should significant archaeological remains be encountered.

3. METHOD

- 3.1 The Written Scheme of Investigation (AOC 2008) proposed the mechanical excavation of two 20 m long by 2 m wide trenches, centred on and perpendicular to *Feature 4*.
- 3.2 The trenches were excavated with a 360° tracked excavator using a 2.0 m wide ditching bucket, under constant archaeological supervision (Figure 2). The trench details are summarised in Appendix 1.Machine excavation was conducted in shallow units/spits through the overburden to the upper surface of the underlying geological deposits.
- 3.3 At all times the evaluation trial trenching was undertaken according to AOC Archaeology Group's standard operating procedures detailed with the WSI. Colour slide, black & white print and digital photographs were taken during the course of the works (Appendix 2).

4. **RESULTS**

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 The works were conducted on 26th August 2008. The weather conditions during the evaluation were predominantly dry and sunny. Archaeological visibility was good.

4.2 Overview

- 4.2.1 No significant archaeological features, deposits or artefacts were encountered during the evaluation. Examination of the spoil from trenches did not lead to the recovery of any significant unstratified artefacts.
- 4.2.2 The topsoil was recorded as between *c* 0.15 m and 0.30 m deep. The natural subsoil across the Trenches 1 and 2 was generally a very light brown sand or grey clay with occasional outcropping bedrock. Neither negative nor structural subsurface features were recorded. It is concluded that Feature 4 is of natural origin, consisting of discontinuous protrusions of natural bedrock

5. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

- 5.1. No significant archaeological remains were recorded during the evaluation. The lack of finds from the spoil would also suggest that no significant archaeology lies within this area.
- 5.2 No further archaeological works are considered necessary. This recommendation with require confirmation from Highland Council.

6. **REFERENCES**

AOC 2008 Fairburn Windfarm Evaluation of Feature 4: Written Scheme of Investigation. Unpublished Client Document.

Hindmarch, E 2008 Fairburn Windfarm: Walkover Survey, AOC Archaeology Unpublished Client Document.

SOEnd 1994 *Planning Advice Note 42: Archaeology – the Planning Process and Scheduled Ancient Monument Procedures.* January 1994. The Scottish Office Environment Department.

SOEnd 1994a National Planning Policy Guideline NPPG 5. Archaeology and Planning. January 1994. The Scottish Office Environment Department.

SOEnd 1999 National Planning Policy Guideline NPPG 18. Planning and the Historic Environment. The Scottish Office Development Department.



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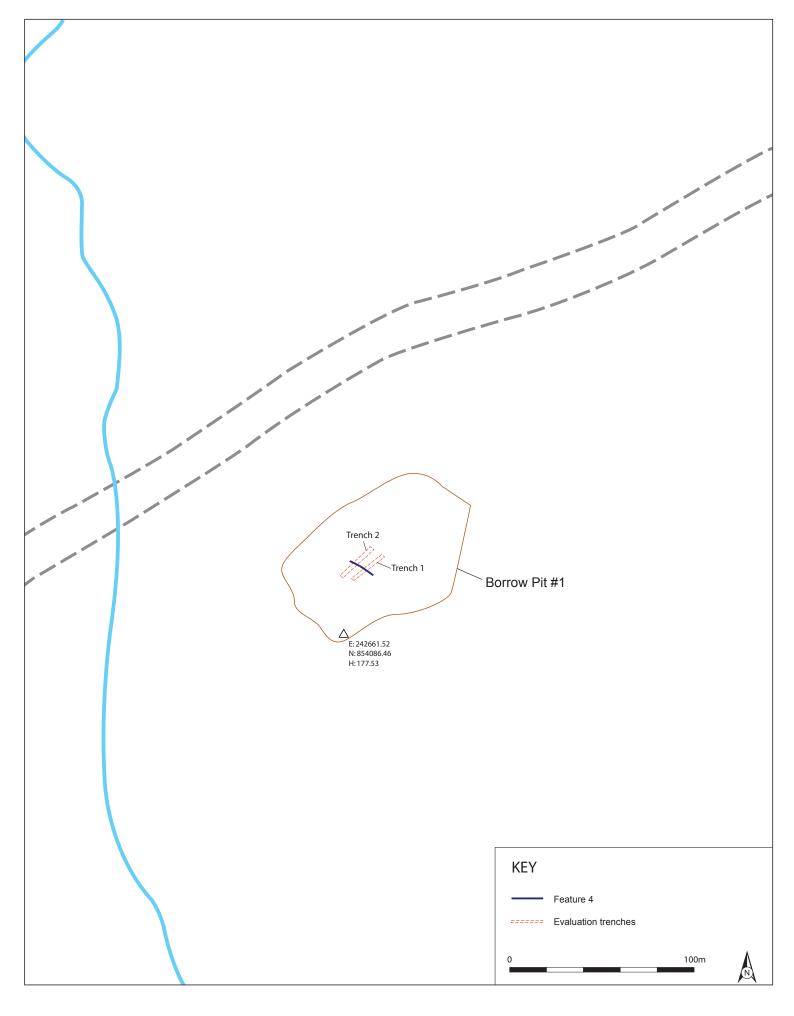


Figure 2: Trench Location



APPENDIX 1: TRENCH SUMMARIES

Trench 1

20 m by 2 m
SW-NE
0.15 m to 0.30 m.
No archaeological features encountered.
No unstratified material.

Trench 2

Dimensions	20 m by 2 m
Orientation	SW-NE
Depth to Subsoil	0.30 m to 0.40 m.
Significant Features	No archaeological features encountered.
Finds	No unstratified material.

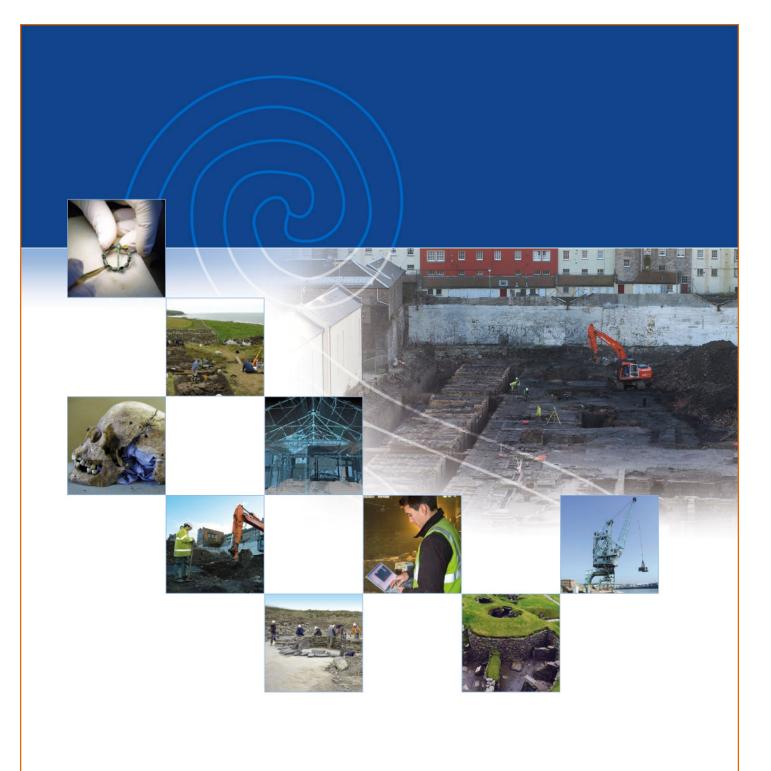
APPENDIX 2: PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTER

Colour Slide, Black & White Print and Digital - FILM No.1

Shot No.	Area	Description	From
1&2		Registration shot	
3&4	W	Feature 4 – General shot	S
5&6	W	Trench 1 – General shot	W
7&8	W	V Trench 1 – General shot E	
9&10	9&10 W Trench 2 – General shot W		W
11&12	W	Trench 2 – General shot	E

APPENDIX 3: DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND REPORT

LOCAL AUTHORITY:	Highland Council
PROJECT TITLE/SITE NAME:	Fairburn Windfarm Evaluation
PROJECT CODE:	AOC 20943
PARISH:	Urray
NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR:	Alan Duffy
NAME OF ORGANISATION:	AOC Archaeology Group
TYPE(S) OF PROJECT:	Archaeological Evaluation
NMRS NO(S):	None
SITE/MONUMENT TYPE(S):	None
SIGNIFICANT FINDS:	None
NGR (2 letters, 6 figures)	NH 4262 5415 to NH4261 5416
START DATE (this season)	26th August 2008
END DATE (this season)	26th August 2008
PREVIOUS WORK (incl. DES ref.)	Walkover survey
MAIN (NARRATIVE) DESCRIPTION: (May include information from other fields)	An archaeological evaluation was conducted at the site of a 12 m long curvilinear surface feature (<i>feature 4</i>), consisting of four large stones, recorded during an earlier walkover survey of this proposed windfarm development. The evaluation recorded no significant archaeological features, deposits or artefacts.
PROPOSED FUTURE WORK:	None
CAPTION(S) FOR ILLUSTRS:	n/a
SPONSOR OR FUNDING BODY:	Scottish and Southern Energy
ADDRESS OF MAIN CONTRIBUTOR:	AOC Archaeology Group Edgefield Road Industrial Estate Edgefield Road Loanhead Midlothian EH20 9SY
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ARCHIVE LOCATION (intended/deposited)	MNRS





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