HIGHLAND REGIONAL COUNCIL /



ARTEFACTS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES AND MONUMENTS RECORD				$\begin{array}{c ccccccc} \mathbf{i} & \text{site code} \\ & H & \mathbf{N} & \mathbf{H} & 6 & 4 & \mathbf{N} & \mathbf{E} & 0 & 4 & 2 \\ \hline 2 & \mathbf{NGR} & 5 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 6 & \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{E} \\ \mathbf{N} & \mathbf{H} & 5 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 6 & \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{E} \end{array}$		
4 DISTRICT		5 PARISH INVERNESS & BONA		6 SITE NAME D O M I N I C 7 GENERIC TYPE QUERN, ROTARY		
8 CONCORDAN OS NMR 13 FIND CIRCU EXCAV	INVERNESS MUSEUM		18.	UDERN, ROTART 11 PERIOD/DATE EM/c. 1200-1250/ 15 EXCAVATOR AND DATE HARDEN, J:198 16 EXCAVATION RECORD NO	12 DATING METHOD AD ICYP	
17 LAND USE			18 GEOLOGY			
19 SOILS			20VEGETATION			
21 HYDROLOGY	(/DRAINAGE	22RELIEF		23 ASPECT	24 ALTITUDE	
	25 DETAILED DESCRIPTION/ DIMENSIONS					
	27 GROUND PLAN NO.	A:1977:SCOTTISH :1556-1586:SECOR RNESS LOCAL HIST	BURGH SURVEY DS OF INVERNESS ORY & ARCHAEOLO 28GROUND PHOTO 30HR. AP NO.	S:BURGH COURT BOOK DGY GUEDEBOOK:No.4 D NO.	S:VOL.1:	
\bigcirc	31 NMR, AP, NO.		32OTHER AP. NO.	320THER AP NO. SOURCE		
	33 ARCHIVE AND LOCATION 34 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY		35 SAMPLES	35 SAMPLES		
	= 36 PALYNOLOGY	37 NUMERICAL DAT	37 NUMERICAL DATES : RANGE : LAB NO.			
	38 OTHER					
39 NAME & AL	DDRESS OF OWNER				40 ATTITUDE OF OWNER	
	DRESS OF TENANT	······			42 ATTITUDE OF TENANT	
	UNESS OF TENANT				42 ATTITUDE OF TENANT	
43 ACCESS &	RESTRICTIONS					
44 NAME & AC	DDRESS OF FINDER/RECORDER DATE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45 RECORDER : DATE FJ: 21.11.1986	48 CHECK : DATE	
	ontinuation card (i) for	(6) and attached	folder for det		l artefacts."	



AN UNUSUAL type of early medieval quernstone has been uncovered during an archaeological dig at inverness.

It was found during a small-scale excavation, organised by Inverness Museum and Art Gallery, at the "swimming pool end" of Friars Street.

The stone is thought to date from around 1200-1250 AD, and what makes it unusual is the ornamentation — a carved human head.

The museum's erchaeologist, Jill Harden, said yesterday: "This is the sandstone base of a pot-quern, with a hole leading through the mouth of the carving, from which the ground meal would fail. They are quite rare."

The quernatione was found near the site of the ancient friary of the Dominican Black Friars, and it is thought to have come from there. Jill said: "Presumably, it was orgiginally set on a pedestal within one of the buildings and would have been an item for admiration as well as use."

The dig was arranged in advance of Inverness District Council's proposed housing rehabilitation of the area.

The quernstone will go on display at the museum shortly.