## HIGHLAND REGIONAL COUNCIL



## FIELD MONUMENTS

ARCHARO	LOGICAL SITES AND Y	MONUMENTS	rs record				
AIGHAIA					N H 5 5 1 8	4 3 5 7 CE	
4 DISTR:CT	INVERNESS 5 PARISH KIRKHILL				BALBLAIR STONE		
7 AREA STATUS	B SITE STATUS SCHEDULED	9 REGIONAL STATUS			SCULPTURED	STONE + CUP-MARKS	
	12 FORM		13 DIMENSIONS				
DS NH54SE9 STANDING STRUCT		RUCTURE	TURE		14 PERIOD/DATE BA + EM	15 DATING METHOD TYP	
16 RELATIONSHIP OF ELEMENTS		17 CONDITION			18 SHAPE		
		WEATHERED			19 THREAT AND DATE	19 THREAT AND DATE	
20 LAND USE				21 GEOLOGY	<u></u>	······································	
22 SOILS			23VEGETATION				
24 HYDROLOGY/DRAINAGE 25 RELIEF					26 ASPECT	27 ALTITUDE	
	28 EXCAVATION (EXCAVATOR : DATE : I						
	10° ATTENT T R+1003+179	1978:1/10,00 9:ARCH.SITE UE EARLY CHI	,000 MAP TES & MONS. OF NE INVERNESS:RCAHMS:p2 CHRISTIAN MONUMENTS OF SCOTLAND:EDIN:PAR STONES,A HANDLIST:HMSO:pp10-14 31 GROUND PHOTO NO. 33HR AP NO. 350THER AP. NO. SOURCE 38 SAMPLES			9,No.238 NT.3:pp95-6,No.517	
	37 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY						
( <b>.</b>	39PALYNOLOGY			40NUMERIC	AL DATES: RANGE: LAB NO.		
	41 SMALL FINDS					42 MUSEUM/LOCATION	
	43 OTHER ASS DOC	Ş.					
44 NAME & ADD	DRESS OF OWNER					45 ATTITUDE OF OWNER	
46 NAME & ADD	RESS OF TENANT					47 ATTITUDE OF TENANT	
					50 RECORDER : DATE	51 CHECK DATE	
	DRESS OF FINDER RECORDER DATE				FJ:1.10.19	86 HSR 9.10.1986	
	rockery at Moniack of a man with a st as been mistaken for	tal an ath	on inctru	qure. The s	tone stands at th	cen cup marino, ou o	

e rockery farthest from the entrance gate. 'This stone was brought from a spot where it stood for a time, close to the old parish school of Kilmorack, near Kilmorack Free Church. It was however, removed to this place between fifty and sixty years ago, from a spot 100yds(91m) further W, when the ground wasthen reclaimed. There is nothing known of the stone, traditional or otherwise, beyond this. (These sitings place the origianl loation in the vicinity of Balblair. Nh 50 45.)"(1) "Balblair Stone, symbol stone, Moniack Castle."(2) "NH 5518 4357 Sculptured Stone."(3) "See continuation card (i) for text and illustration (1)."

11. At the other end of the same rockery at Moniack, there stands a monolith about  $4\frac{1}{2}$  feet in height, with the outlined figure of a man, (1, 4m)

4 In a letter to the Rev. Dr. Joass of Golspie, of June 1880.

<sup>2</sup> The neighbourhood of Dingwall seems unusually rich in cupped stones of various types and of great interest. The list would not seem to be yet exhausted. Mr. Wm. Morrison, of Dingwall Public School, has discovered several cupped stones previously unknown to experts, though known to the old people, especially in Strathegiach, on the south-east of Ben Wyvis. One of these is remarkable, containing some 300 cups, one of them a larger basin. It is known as Clach Thollach, the holed stone. I came on a very fine specimen, one of those in a stone-encircled cairn, not far from the old Free Church school of Ferintosh, above the ferry between Dingwall and the Black Isle. I was accompanied on this occasion by Capt. Warrand of Rycfield, who lives not far from the cairn. He told me that the late Dr. Ress of Dingwall, who had a pair of good eyes, had mentioned a stone of the kind as existing in connection with this cairn, which was probably the one we found. I leave it to be figured by Mr. Joass or Mr. Morrison, who, it is to be hoped, will soon complete tull memoirs of the stones round Dingwall, which they know so well. This would be of interest and value in connection with the recent revival of the subject. having a stick or other instrument in his hand. This stone was brought from a spot where it stood for a time, close to the old parish school of Kilmorack, near Kilmorack Free church. It was, however, removed to this place between fifty and sixty years ago, from a spot about 100 yards farther west, when the ground was then reclaimed. There is nothing known of the stone, traditional or otherwise, beyond this. It is figured in the Sculptured Stones of Scotland, vol. ii pl. cxxx., and was brought under Dr. Stuart's notice by Dr. Joass of Golspie, who sent a

drawing and rubbing. Some of the lines on the stone, especially those about the mouth and head, are somewhat difficult to make out, and may give rise to different renderings of the figure. Dr. Joass, however, events not to have noticed the existence of enp marks on the same surface, one of which he has interpreted as the eye of the figure; at least, these cups do not appear in the drawing in the *Sculptured Stones*. The stone, as deciphered by Mr. Mackellar, of the Knockbain Public School close by, and myself,



Fig. 44. At Moniack Castle.

is given here on fig. 44. The differences between the two drawings will be noted, especially about the face, neck, and hair. The eye, as mentioned above, seems to be a cup, and is scarcely in the right place to represent an eye; and the existence of hair behind is very doubtful. The outline of the staff is distinct, but the hand is indistinct. At the top of the cap or helmet, there seems to be a groove extending to the hollow or cup No. 6, forming a kind of tassel, it may be. Of the cups, No. I and No. 4 are about  $\frac{1}{2}$  an inch deep; the rest are between  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch deep.

(1)



